Ref No:

Sri Krishna Institute of Technology, Bangalore



COURSE PLAN

Academic Year 2019-2020

Program:	B E – Computer Science & Engineering
Semester:	6
Course Code:	17CS64
Course Title:	Operating Systems
Credit / L-T-P:	4/4-0-0
Total Contact Hours:	50
Course Plan Author:	Rashmi K T

Academic Evaluation and Monitoring Cell

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A. COURSE INFORMATION

1. Course Overview

Degree:	BE	Program:	CS
Semester:	6	Academic Year:	2019-20
Course Title:	Operating System	Course Code:	17CS64
Credit / L-T-P:	4-0-0	SEE Duration:	3 HOUR
Total Contact Hours:	50	SEE Marks:	60
CIA Marks:	40	Assignment	1 / Module
Course Plan Author:	Rashmi K T	Sign	Dt:
Checked By:		Sign	Dt:
CO Targets	CIA Target : 75 %	SEE Target:	65 %

Note: Define CIA and SEE % targets based on previous performance.

2. Course Content

Content / Syllabus of the course as prescribed by University or designed by institute.

Moc	Content	Teaching Hours	Blooms Learning
ule		_	Levels
1	Introduction to operating systems, System structures: What operating systems do; Computer System organization; Computer System architecture; Operating System structure; Operating System operations; Process management; Memory management; Storage management; Protection and Security; Distributed system; Special-purpose systems; Computing environments. Operating System Services; User-Operating System interface; System calls; Types of system calls; System programs; Operating system design and implementation; Operating System structure; Virtual machines; Operating System generation; System boot. Process Management Process concept; Process scheduling; Operations on processes; Inter process communication	10	L2 Understand, L4 Analyze
2	Multi-threaded Programming: Overview; Multithreading models; Thread Libraries; Threading issues. Process Scheduling: Basic concepts; Scheduling Criteria; Scheduling Algorithms; Multiple-processor scheduling; Thread scheduling. Process Synchronization: Synchronization: The critical section problem; Peterson's solution; Synchronization hardware; Semaphores; Classical problems of synchronization; Monitors.	10	L2 Understand, L3 Apply
3	Deadlocks: Deadlocks; System model; Deadlock characterization; Methods for handling deadlocks; Deadlock prevention; Deadlock avoidance; Deadlock detection and recovery from deadlock. Memory Management: Memory management strategies: Background; Swapping; Contiguous memory allocation; Paging; Structure of page table; Segmentation.	10	L4 Analyze, L2 Understand
4	Virtual Memory Management: Background; Demand paging; Copy-on-write; Page replacement; Allocation of frames; Thrashing. File System, Implementation of File System: File system: File concept; Access methods; Directory structure; File system mounting; File sharing; Protection: Implementing File system: File system structure; File system implementation; Directory implementation; Allocation	10	L3 Apply, L2 Understand

-	Total	50	
	systems, Input and output; Inter-process communication.		
	management; Scheduling; Memory Management; File		
	Linux history; Design principles; Kernel modules; Process		
	Based systems. Case Study: The Linux Operating System:		
	Access control, Revocation of access rights, Capability-		
	protection, Access matrix, Implementation of access matrix,		
	Goals of protection, Principles of protection, Domain of		Apply
	Disk management; Swap space management. Protection:		L3
	structures; Disk structure; Disk attachment; Disk scheduling;		Apply,
	Secondary Storage Structures, Protection: Mass storage	10	L3
	methods; Free space management.		

3. Course Material

Books & other material as recommended by university (A, B) and additional resources used by course teacher (C).

- 1. Understanding: Concept simulation / video ; one per concept ; to understand the concepts ; 15 30 minutes
- 2. Design: Simulation and design tools used software tools used ; Free / open source

3. Research: Recent developments on the concepts – publications in journals; conferences etc.

3. 11030	arch. Recent developments on the concepts - publications in journals, co	THE CHECK	o etc.
Modul	Details	Chapters	Availability
es		in book	
Α	Text books (Title, Authors, Edition, Publisher, Year.)	-	-
	Abraham Silberschatz, Peter Baer Galvin, Greg Gagne, Operating System	1,2,3,4,5,7	In Lib / In Dept
4, 5	Principles 7 th edition, Wiley-India, 2006.	,8	
	Reference books (Title, Authors, Edition, Publisher, Year.)	-	-
		1,2,3,4,5,7	In Lib
	Learning, 6 thEdition	,8	
	D.M Dhamdhere, Operating Systems: A Concept Based Approach 3rd Ed,	_	In lib
	McGraw-Hill, 2013.	,8	
1,	P.C.P. Bhatt, An Introduction to Operating Systems: Concepts and	1,2,3,4,5,7	In lib
	Practice 4th Edition,PHI(EEE), 2014.	,8	
	William Stallings Operating Systems: Internals and Design Principles, 6th		In lib
	Edition, Pearson.	8,	
	Concept Videos or Simulation for Understanding	-	-
	https://www.tutorialspoint.com/PPS/		
	https://vtuplanet.com/notes/		
	https;//www.khanacademy.com		
C4	https://www.slideshare.net/ashanrajpar/operating-system-		
C5	https://nptel.ac.in/contactus.php		
D	Software Tools for Design	-	-
E	Recent Developments for Research	-	-
	- https://ieeexplore.ieee.org/abstract/document/6891996		
	Others (Web, Video, Simulation, Notes etc.)	-	-
1	https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=nA_tglygvNo		

4. Course Prerequisites

Refer to GL01. If prerequisites are not taught earlier, GAP in curriculum needs to be addressed. Include in Remarks and implement in B.5.

Students must have learnt the following Courses / Topics with described Content . . .

Mod	Course	Course Name	Topic / Description	Sem	Remarks	Blooms
ules	Code					Level
1	18CPS13	С	Introduction to Operating system	1	-	L2

		Programming				Understa
		For Problem				nd
		Solving				
3	17CS34	Computer	Memory system	3	-	L2
		Organization				Understa
						nd
4	17CS35	UNIX system	Introduction to file system and its	3	-	L2
		programming	implementation			Understa
						nd
-						

5. Content for Placement, Profession, HE and GATE

The content is not included in this course, but required to meet industry & profession requirements and help students for Placement, GATE, Higher Education, Entrepreneurship, etc. Identifying Area / Content requires experts consultation in the area.

Topics included are like, a. Advanced Topics, b. Recent Developments, c. Certificate Courses, d. Course

Projects, e. New Software Tools, f. GATE Topics, g. NPTEL Videos, h. Swayam videos etc.

Mod	Topic / Description	Area	Remarks	Blooms
ules				Level
3	Deadlock detection algorithms	Higher	Gap	Analyze
		Study	A seminar on detection algorithms	L4
5	Design principles of Ubuntu OS	Higher Study	Gap A seminar on Ubuntu OS	Apply L3

B. OBE PARAMETERS

1. Course Outcomes

Expected learning outcomes of the course, which will be mapped to POs.

-	-	Total	50	-	-	L2-L4
5	17CS64.5	Interpret different methods of secondary storage, Show the Design principles of OS w.r.t Linux OS		Lecture	Question, Slip Test & Answer Assignme nt	L3 Apply
4		Interpret various paging techniques, Understand organization of files and directories.		Lecture	Assignme nt	L3 Apply, L2 Understand
3		Analyze various deadlock methods and memory management schemes, Explain various memory management schemes		Lecture	Slip Test Assignme nt	L4 Analyze, L2 Understand
2		Understand various threading models, Calculate the performance of various CPU scheduling algorithms	10	Lecture	Question & Answer Assignme nt	L2 Understand , L3 Apply
		Summarize the basic concepts and functions of operating system, Analyze different process scheduling algorithms and measure their performance		Lecture	Question & Answer Assignme nt	
Mod ules	Course Code.#	Course Outcome At the end of the course, student should be able to	reach. Hours	Instr Method	nt Method	Blooms' Level
	Course	Course Outcome			Accoccmo	Plooms'

2. Course Applications

Write 1 or 2 applications per CO.

Students should be able to employ / apply the course learnings to . . .

	The end are to disto to empty, apply the events teaming to the		
Mod	Application Area	CO	Level
ules	Compiled from Module Applications.		
1	For developing the custom OS, It helps for developing various various OS functions.	CO1	L4
2	Mobile Computing, web applications, development tools.	CO2	L3
3	Image editing programs, and communication programs, managed resources can	CO3	L4
	be controlled using mutexes.		
4	To develop operating system, To create computer applications.	CO4	L3
5	Companies , Hospital, To build embedded softwares.	CO5	L3

3. Articulation Matrix

CO - PO Mapping with mapping level for each CO-PO pair, with course average attainment.

	- -	Course Outcomes	Course Outcomes Program Outcomes -															
Mod	CO.#	At the end of the course	+								Lev							
ules	CO.#	student should be able to	1	2				6	7	8	9	10				O2		el
1	17CS64.1	Summarize the basic concepts		2.3	3	4	5	0.8		1.0	_	2.3	_	12	OI	02	U ₃	L4
1	1/0304.1	and functions of operating	2.3	2.3	2.2	-	-	5	_	5	-	2.3	-	-				L4
		system, Analyze different			5			5		5								
		process scheduling algorithms																
		and measure their performance																
2	17CS64.2	Understand various threading	2 3	2.3	2 2	_						2.3	_					L3
~	1/0304.2	models, Calculate the	2.0	2.5	5	-	-	_	_	_	_	2.5	-	_				_3
		performance of various CPU			"													
		scheduling algorithms																
3	17CS64.3	Analyze various deadlock	2.3	2.3	2 2	0.8	-	-	_	_	_	2.3	-	_				L4
	1, 0004.5	methods and memory			5	5												
		management schemes, Explain																
		various memory management																
		schemes																
4	17CS64.4	Interpret various paging	2.3	2.3	2.2	-	-	-	-	-	1.2	2.3	-	-				L3
		techniques, Understand			5						7							
		organization of files and																
		directories.																
5	17CS64.5	Interpret different methods of	2.3	2.3	2.2	-	-	-	-	-	1.2	2.3	1.1	-				L3
		secondary storage, Show the			5						7							
		Design principles of OS w.r.t																
		Linux OS																
-	15EE662.	Average	2.3	2.3	2.2		-	0.8	-		1.2	2.3	1.1	-	-	2.3	2.3	2.25
					5	5		5		5	7	L.						
-	PO, PSO	1.Engineering Knowledge; 2.Prob																
		4.Conduct Investigations of Comp														_		
		Society; 7.Environment and Si																ork;
		10.Communication; 11.Project N						nd .t. C.					.LIfe	2 - l0	ng	Le	earr	ning;
		S1.Software Engineering; S2.Data Base Management; S3.Web Design																

4. Curricular Gap and Content

Topics & contents not covered (from A.4), but essential for the course to address POs and PSOs.

TOPIC	s & contents not covered	(110111 A.4), Dut esse	entiation the course t	o address POS and P	305.
Mod	Gap Topic	Actions Planned	Schedule Planned	Resources Person	PO Mapping
ules					
1	Deadlock detection	Seminar	2 nd week / date	-	List from B4
	algorithms				above
2	Design principles of	Seminar	3 rd Week	-	
	Ubuntu OS				

C. COURSE ASSESSMENT

1. Course Coverage

Assessment of learning outcomes for Internal and end semester evaluation.

-	Total	50	4	4	4	5	-	10	-	-
	Secondary Storage Structures, Protection, Case Study: The Linux Operating System	10	_	_	4	1	_	2	CO5	L3,L3
	Virtual Memory Management, File System, Implementation of File System.	10	-	2		1	_	2	CO4	L3,L2
3	Deadlocks, Memory Management.	10	_	2	_	1	-	2	CO3	L4,L2
	Multi-threaded Programming, Process Synchronization.	10	2	_	_	1	-	2	CO2	L2,L3
	Introduction to operating systems, System structures, Operating System Services, Process Management.	10	2	-	_	1	_	2	CO1	L2,L4
ules		Hours	CIA-1	CIA-2	CIA-3	Asg	Extra Asg	SEE		
Mod	Title	Teach.				tion in			CO	Levels

2. Continuous Internal Assessment (CIA)

Assessment of learning outcomes for Internal exams. Blooms Level in last column shall match with A.2.

Mod	Evaluation	Weightage in	CO	Levels
ules		Marks		
1, 2	CIA Exam – 1	30	CO1, CO2.	L2,L4,L2,L3
3, 4	CIA Exam – 2	30	CO3,CO4.	L4,L2,L3,L2
5	CIA Exam – 3	30	CO5.	L3,L3.
	Assignment - 1	10	CO1, CO2.	L2,L4,L2,L3
3, 4	Assignment - 2	10	CO3,CO4.	L4,L2,L3,L2
5	Assignment - 3	10	CO5.	L3,L3
1, 2	Seminar - 1		-	-
3, 4	Seminar - 2		-	-
5	Seminar - 3		-	-
	Quiz – 1		-	-
3, 4	Quiz – 2		-	-
5	Quiz – 3		_	-
				-
1 - 5	Other Activities – Mini Project	-	-	
	Final CIA Marks	40	-	-

D1. TEACHING PLAN - 1

Title:	Introduction to operating systems, System structures	Appr	8 Hrs
		Time:	
a	Course Outcomes	СО	Blooms
-	The student should be able to:	-	Level

	Summarizing the basic concepts and functions of operating system	CO1	L2
2	Apply different process scheduling algorithms and measure their performance	CO1	L4
b	Course Schedule	-	_
lass N	lo Portion covered per hour	-	-
1	introduction to operating systems, System structures: What operating systems do; Computer System organization	C01	L2
2	Computer System architecture; Operating System structure; Operating System operations;	C01	L2
3	Process management; Memory management; Storage management; Protection and Security	C01	L2
4	Distributed system; Special-purpose systems	C01	L2
5	Computing environments. Operating System Services	C01	L2
6	User - Operating System interface; System calls; Types of system calls	C01	L4
7	System programs; Operating system design and implementation	C01	L4
8	Operating System structure; Virtual machines	C01	L4
9	Operating System generation; System boot	C01	L4
10	Process Management -Process concept; Process scheduling	C01	L4
11	Operations on processes;Inter process communication	C01	L4
С	Application Areas		
-	Students should be able employ / apply the Module learnings to		
1	web applications, development tools, image editing programs, and communication programs	CO1	L2
2	To create computer applications, embedded softwares	CO1	L4
d	Review Questions		
-		00.	
1	What is an OS? List out the different services that an OS provides. Explain.	CO1	L2
2	Explain the layered approach to structuring of an OS along with a relevant diagram	CO1	L2
3	What are the major activities of an OS with regard to		L2
	(i) Process management (ii) Memory management.	CO1	
4		CO1	L2
4 5	(ii) Memory management. Explain the fundamental difference between (i) N/W OS and Distributed OS (ii) Web-Based Computing and Embedded		
	(ii) Memory management. Explain the fundamental difference between (i) N/W OS and Distributed OS (ii) Web-Based Computing and Embedded Computing. What is a process? Draw and explain the process state diagram Explain different scheduling criteria that must be kept in mind while choosing different scheduling algorithms.	CO1	L2
5 6 7	 (ii) Memory management. Explain the fundamental difference between (i) N/W OS and Distributed OS (ii) Web-Based Computing and Embedded Computing. What is a process? Draw and explain the process state diagram Explain different scheduling criteria that must be kept in mind while choosing different scheduling algorithms. What are virtual machines? Explain its advantages with a diagram. 	CO1	L2 L4 L4
<u>5</u>	 (ii) Memory management. Explain the fundamental difference between (i) N/W OS and Distributed OS (ii) Web-Based Computing and Embedded Computing. What is a process? Draw and explain the process state diagram Explain different scheduling criteria that must be kept in mind while choosing different scheduling algorithms. What are virtual machines? Explain its advantages with a diagram. List and explain services provided by an OS that are designed to make using computer system more convenient for users. 	CO1 CO1	L2 L4 L4
5 6 7	 (ii) Memory management. Explain the fundamental difference between (i) N/W OS and Distributed OS (ii) Web-Based Computing and Embedded Computing. What is a process? Draw and explain the process state diagram Explain different scheduling criteria that must be kept in mind while choosing different scheduling algorithms. What are virtual machines? Explain its advantages with a diagram. List and explain services provided by an OS that are designed to make using 	CO1 CO1 CO1	L2 L4 L4
5 6 7 8	(ii) Memory management. Explain the fundamental difference between (i) N/W OS and Distributed OS (ii) Web-Based Computing and Embedded Computing. What is a process? Draw and explain the process state diagram Explain different scheduling criteria that must be kept in mind while choosing different scheduling algorithms. What are virtual machines? Explain its advantages with a diagram. List and explain services provided by an OS that are designed to make using computer system more convenient for users. What are system calls? With examples explain different categories of system	CO1 CO1 CO1 CO1	L2 L4 L4 L4
5 6 7 8	(ii) Memory management. Explain the fundamental difference between (i) N/W OS and Distributed OS (ii) Web-Based Computing and Embedded Computing. What is a process? Draw and explain the process state diagram Explain different scheduling criteria that must be kept in mind while choosing different scheduling algorithms. What are virtual machines? Explain its advantages with a diagram. List and explain services provided by an OS that are designed to make using computer system more convenient for users. What are system calls? With examples explain different categories of system calls.	CO1 CO1 CO1 CO1 CO1	L2 L4 L4 L4 L4 L4
5 6 7 8 9	 (ii) Memory management. Explain the fundamental difference between (i) N/W OS and Distributed OS (ii) Web-Based Computing and Embedded Computing. What is a process? Draw and explain the process state diagram Explain different scheduling criteria that must be kept in mind while choosing different scheduling algorithms. What are virtual machines? Explain its advantages with a diagram. List and explain services provided by an OS that are designed to make using computer system more convenient for users. What are system calls? With examples explain different categories of system calls. What is distributed OS? What are the advantages of distributed OS. 	CO1 CO1 CO1 CO1 CO1	L2 L4 L4 L4 L4 L4
5 6 7 8 9	(ii) Memory management. Explain the fundamental difference between (i) N/W OS and Distributed OS (ii) Web-Based Computing and Embedded Computing. What is a process? Draw and explain the process state diagram Explain different scheduling criteria that must be kept in mind while choosing different scheduling algorithms. What are virtual machines? Explain its advantages with a diagram. List and explain services provided by an OS that are designed to make using computer system more convenient for users. What are system calls? With examples explain different categories of system calls. What is distributed OS? What are the advantages of distributed OS. Differentiate between (I) Process and thread (ii) short-term and medium term scheduler (iii) User level and Kernel level threads	CO1 CO1 CO1 CO1 CO1	L2 L4 L4 L4 L4 L4

Title:	Multithreaded programming and process synchronization	Appr Time:	8 Hrs		
a	Course Outcomes	СО	Bloom		
-	The student should be able to:	-	Level		
1	Understanding various threading models	CO2	L2		
2	Analyzing the performance of various CPU scheduling algorithms and threading models	CO2	L3		
b	Course Schedule	-	_		
Class No	Portion covered per hour	-	-		
12	Multi-threaded Programming: Overview; Multithreading models	CO2	L2		
13	Thread Libraries;Threading issues;	CO2	L2		
14	Process Scheduling: Basic concepts; Scheduling Criteria	CO2	L3		
15	Scheduling Algorithms	CO2	L3		
16	Multiple-processor scheduling;Thread scheduling	CO2	L3		
17	Process Synchronization: Synchronization: The critical section Problem	CO2	L3		
18	Peterson's solution	CO2	L3		
19	Synchronization hardware;Semaphores	CO2	L3		
20	Classical problems of synchronization; Monitors	CO ₂	L3		
С	Application Areas	_	_		
	Students should be able employ / apply the Module learnings to				
1	Mobile Computing	CO ₂	L2		
2	web applications, development tools	CO2	L3		
d	Review Questions	-	-		
14	Explain the differences between single-threaded and multi threaded processes using neat diagram.		L2		
15	What are the benefits of multi threading? Explain the multi threading models	CO2	L2		
16	Explain the different threading issues.	CO2	L2		
17	Define multithreading. Explain the benefits of multithreading.	CO2	L2		
18	List and explain the different scheduling criteria. Explain priority scheduling with an example.		L2		
19	Explain critical-section problem and solution to it	CO2	L2		
20	Explain Synchronization Hardware in detail.	CO ₂	L3		
21	Explain Readers-writers problem and provide a semaphore solution using semaphores for reads priority problem.		L3		
22	Explain Dining-Philosopher's problem using monitors.	CO2	L3		
23	Explain the range of monitors with a schematic view of its structure; write a monitor solution to bounded-buffer problem.		L3		
24	What is busy waiting in a critical section concept? How semaphore is used to solve critical section problem? What are the advantages of semaphore.		L3		
25	What are the requirements that a critical section problem must satisfy?	CO2	L3		
	Consider the following set of processes with arrival time:	CO ₂	L3		
26	Proces Burst Arrival				
	110CC3 Daist 7tillvat				
	s Time time				

	D.		,					
	P4		4	2				
	P5		3	2				
				using FCFS,	SJF Pre	eemptive and non preemptive		
	schediii) Calcul			e waiting time	e for eac	h of scheduling algorithms.		
27			s the snapsh		7101 040	n or some adding algorithms.	CO2	L3
	Process		CPU Burst	Arrival time				
	P1		10	0				
	P2		29	1				
	P3		03	2				
	P4		07	3				
					,	g and turnaround time using FCFS,		
28						g aalgorthims. charts usingb preemptive and non	CO2	L3
						larger priority number has higher		_5
	Jobs	Ar	rival time		Priority	У		
				time				
	J1	0		6	4			
	J2	3		5	2			
	J3	3		3	6			
	J ₄	5		5	3			
29			ne followina			 h length of CPU burst time given in	COs	L3
	milliseco				, , , , , , ,	_		_3
	Proces	SS	Arrival	Burst	Priorit			
			time	time	У			
	P1		0	10	3			
	P2		0	1	1			
	P3		3	2	3			
	P4		5	1	4			
	P5		10	5	2			
	I) draw four Gantt charts illustrating the excution of these processes using FCFS,SJF, a non preemptive priority and RR (Quantum=2) scheduling. ii) What is the turn around time and waiting time of each processes for each of the scheduling algorithms in (I).							
30				rscheduling.			CO2	L3
С	Applica	tio	n Areas				СО	Level
1	Mobile (Cor	nputing				CO2	L2
2	web app	olic	ations, deve	lopment tool	S		CO2	L3
D	Review	ייט	estions				_	_
14				between sing	gle-threa	aded and multi threaded processes	CO2	L2
	using ne	eat	diagram.			·		
15	What ar	e th	ne benefits c	of multi thread	ding? Exp	plain the multi threading models	CO2	L2

16	Explain 1	he different th	reading issue:	 S.		CO2	L2
17					multithreading.	CO2	L2
18		explain the di			ia. Explain priority scheduling with	CO2	L2
19		critical-sectior	problem and	solution t	o it	CO2	L2
20		Synchronizatio				CO2	L3
21		Readers-write ores for reads			ide a semaphore solution using	CO2	L3
22		Dining-Philosc				CO2	L3
23		the range of solution to bo			natic view of its structure; write a	CO2	L3
24					cept? How semaphore is used to dvantages of semaphore.	CO2	L3
25					on problem must satisfy?	CO2	L3
26	Conside	er the following	g set of proce	sses with	arrival time:	CO2	L3
	Proce	s Burst	Arrival				
	S	Time	time				
	P1	10	0	_			
	P2	1	0				
	P3	2	1				
	P4	4	2				
	P5	3	2				
27				e for each	of scheduling algorithms.	CO2	L3
	P1	10	0				
	P2	29	1				
	P3	03	2				
	P4	07	3				
				e waiting	and turnaround time using FCFS,		
		RR with time of					
28	preemp				harts usingb preemptive and non larger priority number has higher		L3
	priority.						
	Jobs	Arrival time	Burst time	Priority			
	J1	0	6	4			
	J2	3	5	2			
	73	3	3	6			
	J4	5	5	3			
29	Conside milliseco	_	set of proces	sses, with	length of CPU burst time given in	CO2	L3
	Proces	ss Arrival time	Burst time	Priorit y			
	P1	0	10	3			
	P2	0					
	62		1	1			

	P3	3	2	3			
	P4	5	1	4			
	P5	10	5	2			
		xcution of these processes using Quantum=2) scheduling.					
	ii) What is the schedu						
30	Explain mu	CO2	L3				

E1. CIA EXAM - 1

a. Model Question Paper - 1

Crs		17cS64 Sem: 6 Marks: 30 Time:				75	min				
Code											
Cour	se:	Operating	•								
-	-				ach carry equal				Marks		Level
1	a				erent services th		S provides. Ex	plain	5	CO1	L2
	b				er- System Archi Clustered Syste				5	CO1	L2
	С				n different types		m calls		5	CO2	L4
		vviide die s	bysterri catt	. Explain	OR	or syste	om caus.		5	002	<u> </u>
2	а		the major ac Manageme		f an OS with reg) Memory Mana				5	CO1	L2
	b		Virtual Ma	neat	5	CO1	L2				
	С	L							5	CO2	L4
		MODULE-2									
3	а	What is communic	direct	6	CO2	L4					
	b	What are t	dels.	4	CO3	L4					
	С	Explain cri		5	CO ₃	L4					
				1	OR	-					<u> </u>
4	а	Explain the	e different tl	nreading	issues in Multith	readed	Programming		5	CO ₄	L4
	b		is the snaps						6	CO ₄	L4
		Process		Burst	Time	Arriv	al Time				
		P1		5		0					
		P2		1		1					
		P3		4		2					
		Draw grant charts and calculate the waiting time and turnaround time using FCFS, Premptive SJF and RR with time quantum=4.									
	С				are in detail.				4	CO ₄	L4

b. Assignment -1

			N	odel Assignment	Questi	ons				
Crs Code:	17cs64	Sem:	6	Marks:	30	Time: 7	5min			
Course:	Operatin	g Systems								
SN	lo			Assignment Des	cription		Marks CO Le			
1		What is a	n OS? l	_ist out the diffe	rent se	rvices that an OS	5	CO1	L2	
		provides. E	xplain.							
2	2 Explain the layered approach to structuring of an OS along						7	CO1	L2	

	with a relevant diagram			
3	What are the major activities of an OS with regard to (i) Process management (ii) Memory management.	6	CO1	L2
4	Explain the fundamental difference between (i) N/W OS and Distributed OS (ii) Web-Based Computing and Embedded Computing.	6	CO1	L2
5	What is a process? Draw and explain the process state diagram	5	CO2	L2
6	Explain different scheduling criteria that must be kept in mind while choosing different scheduling algorithms.	6	CO2	L2
7	What are virtual machines? Explain its advantages with a diagram.	8	CO2	L2
8	List and explain services provided by an OS that are designed to make using computer system more convenient for users.	8	CO2	L2
9	What are system calls? With examples explain different categories of system calls.	6	CO2	L4
10	What is distributed OS? What are the advantages of distributed OS.	7	CO2	L4
11	What is a PCB? Explain with a neat diagram.	5	CO2	L4
12	What is interprocess communication? Explain direct and indirect communication with respect to message passing system.	8	CO2	L4
13	Explain the differences between single-threaded and multithreaded processes using neat diagram.	8	CO3	L4
14	What are the benefits of multithreading? Explain the multithreading models	8	CO3	L4
15	Explain the different threading issues.	6	CO3	L4
16	Define multithreading. Explain the benefits of multithreading.	7	CO3	L4
17	List and explain the different scheduling criteria. Explain priority scheduling with an example.	7	CO4	L4
18	Explain critical-section problem and solution to it	6	CO4	L4
19	Explain Synchronization Hardware in detail.	6	CO4	L4
20	Explain Readers-writers problem and provide a semaphore solution using semaphores for reads priority problem.	7	CO ₄	L4
21	Explain Dining-Philosopher's problem using monitors.	6	CO4	L4
22	Explain the range of monitors with a schematic view of its structure; write a monitor solution to bounded-buffer problem.	6	CO4	L4

D2. TEACHING PLAN - 2

Title:	Deadlocks and Memory management	Appr Time:	8 Hrs
Α	Course Outcomes	-	Blooms
-	The student should be able to:	-	Level
1	Analyze various deadlock methods and memory management schemes	CO3	L4
2	Explain various memory management schemes	CO3	L2
В	Course Schedule		
Class No	Portion covered per hour	-	-
21	Deadlocks : Deadlocks; System model	CO3	L4
22	Deadlock characterization	CO3	L4
23	Methods for handling deadlocks	CO3	L4
24	Deadlock prevention; Deadlock avoidance	CO3	L4
25	Deadlock detection and recovery from deadlock	CO3	L4
26	Memory Management: Memory management strategies	CO3	L2

27	Backg	round	l Svx/	anni	na						CO ₃	L2
28	Contig					catio					CO ₃	L2
29	Paging										CO ₃	L2
<u>29</u> 30	Segme			C 01	page	tac	ile				CO ₃	L2
30	Segine	FIICALIN	JI 1.								003	LZ
С	Applic	ation	Area	as							-	
					able	emr	olov	/ apı	ply the	Module learnings to		_
1										n programs	CO3	L2
2			<u> </u>							mutexes	CO ₃	L2
D	Reviev	ν. Οι ισ	stio	nc								
	_				0 mc	odul.	0 103	rning	30000	ssed through following questions		
			o occur.	CO ₃								
31	_ .				L4							
32										with an example.	CO3	L4
33	Explair										CO3	<u>L4</u>
34										eadlock.	CO3	L4
35	Dead l examp		xists	if a	cycl	e ex	(ists.	Yes	or no	Justify your answer with a suitable	CO3	L4
36	wait co	onditio	on ca	an b	e pre	even	ted t	from	occurr		CO3	L4
37										etween paging and segmentation.	CO3	L4
38										B) important? In a simple paging xplain.	CO3	L2
39	What i	s swa nswer	ppin S	ıg? E	oes	this	incr	ease	the op	perating systems overhead? Justify		L2
40		What do you mean by fragmentation? Explain difference between internal ar external fragmentation with neat diagrams.								CO3	L2	
41		Explain basic method and hardware required for segmentation.								CO3	L2	
42		Distinguish between:									CO3	
•	l) Logical versus physical address space ii) Paging versus segmentation. lii) First fit and best fit algorithms.											
43										K, 300K and 600K apply first fit and 426K.	CO3	L2
44										ect to hierarchy paging.	CO3	L2
45									system		CO3	 L2
10		Allo						Ava	ailabl			
								е				
		Α	В	С	Α	В	С	A C	В			
	Ро	0	0	2	0	0	4	1	0			
	P1	1	0	0	2	0	1			-		
	P2	1 5	3		1	3	7					
	P3	6	3	2	8	4	2			-		
	P4	1	4		1	5	7					
	Is the	r the syster	n in a	a "sa	ife st	ate"	?] r's algorithm: 202) can the request be granted		

	immedi	iately	?													
46	For the			apshot	t:										CO3	L2
		All	. oc a	ition		M.	AX		Α	vail	ab	le				
		А	. В D	С	А	В	С	D	А	В	С	D				
	P1	0	0	1	0	0	1	2	1 0	5	ž	2				
	P2	1 0	0	0	1	7	5	0								
	P3	1	3	5	2	3	5	6								
	P4	0	6	3	0	6	5									
	P5	0	0	1	0 6	6	5									
	Using II) What	is ne syste	ed n em ir	natrix (1 safe	conter state?		P2(0),4,2	,o) a	rrive	ers, e	can i	: be grante	ed?		
E	Experie														-	-
1															CO6	L2
2																

Title:	Virtual memory management and file system	Appr	10 Hrs
	, ,	Time:	
Α	Course Outcomes	-	Blooms
-	The student should be able to:	-	Level
1	Interpret various paging techniques	CO4	L3
2	Understand organization of files and directories.	CO ₄	L2
В	Course Schedule		
Class No	Portion covered per hour	-	-
31	Virtual Memory Management: Background	CO4	L3
32	Demand paging; Copy-on-write; Page replacement; Allocation of frames	CO ₄	L3
33	Thrashing	CO ₄	L3
34	File System;Implementation of File System: File system:	CO ₄	L2
35	File concept; Access methods; Directory structure File system mounting	CO ₄	L2
36	File sharing;Protection:Implementing File system:	CO ₄	L2
37	File system structure; File system implementation	CO ₄	L2
38	Director implementation	CO ₄	L2
39	Allocation methods	CO ₄	L2
40	Free space management		
С	Application Areas		-
-	Students should be able employ / apply the Module learnings to	_	-
1	To develop operating system	CO ₄	L3
2	To create computer applications	CO ₄	L2
D	Review Questions	_	-

COURSE PLAN - CAY 2019-20

-	The attainment of the module learning assessed through following questions	-	-
47	What is page fault? With a supporting diagram explain the steps involved in	CO4	L3
	handling page fault.		
48	Consider the following page reference stream 7,0,1,2,0,3,0,4,2,3,0. Calculate the	CO4	L3
	number of page faults when number of frames is equal to 3, using FIFO, LRU		
	and Optimal page replacement algorithms.		
49	Explain the different LRU-approximation page replacement algorithms.	CO4	L3
50	Explain copy-on-write process in virtual memory.	CO4	L3
51	Write short note on thrashing.	CO4	L3
52	What are the different allocation methods in disk? Explain in detail any two	CO7	L3
	methods.		
53	What are different types of file sharing? Explain.	CO4	L2
54	List the different Directory Structure. Explain acyclic-graph directory and tree	CO4	L2
	structured directory.		
55	Explain different free space management	CO4	L2
56	What is a file? Also list different file operations	CO4	L2
57	Explain different free space management	CO4	L2
58	What are the different techniques with which a file can be shared among users.	CO4	L2
59	Explain various file protection mechanisms.	CO4	L2
60	Explain briefly different file systems and file attributes.	CO4	L2
E	Experiences	-	<u>-</u>
1		CO7	L2
2			

E2. CIA EXAM - 2

a. Model Question Paper - 2

Crs Code	٦,	17Cs64	Sem:	6	Marks:	30	Time	75	min		
Cour		Operating S	Systems								
-	_		•	stions, each	carry equal	marks.	Module : 3, 4		Marks	СО	Level
1	Α	What are	the metho		handle the	deadl	ocks? Explain	how	7	CO7	L2
	В	Explain diffe	erent meth			8	CO7	L2			
			OR								
2	Α			look-aside nformation is			rtant? In a si Iain.	imple	6	CO8	L2
	В		What is swapping? Does this increase the operating systems overhead? 5 CO8 ustify your answers								
	С		What do you mean by fragmentation? Explain difference between inter and external fragmentation with neat diagrams.								L2
				MC	DULE-4						
3	Α	What is pagin handling			ting diagram	ı explaiı	n the steps inv	olved	8	COg	L3
	В	Calculate th	ne number		ts when nun	nber of	7,0,1,2,0,3,0,4 frames is equa thms.			CO9	L3
					OR						
4	Α	What are thusers.	ne differen	techniques	with which a	a file ca	n be shared ar	nong	8	CO10	L3
	В	Explain brie	efly differer	ıt file system:	s and file attı	ributes.			7	CO10	L3

b. Assignment – 2

١	Mode		Assic	ınm	ent	Оп	esti	ons
п	*IOU	\neg ι $_{\it \Gamma}$	つつこう	{		wи	CSU	OHS

Crs Code: 17CS6			6			Mark	KS:	3	30		Tim	e:	75min		
Course: Opera	ting Syste	ems													
SNo				Α	ssigr	nmer	nt D	escr	iptio	n			Marks	СО	Level
1												? Expla		CO3	L2
2	and se	gmer	ntatio	on.								n pagir		CO3	L2
3		pagi										ant? In in TLB		CO3	L2
4		What is swapping? Does this increase the operating systems overhead? Justify your answers									ns 6	CO3	L2		
5	betwe	What do you mean by fragmentation? Explain difference between internal and external fragmentation with neat liagrams.											CO3	L2	
6		Explain basic method and hardware required for segmentation.									or 7	CO3	L2		
7	I) Logid ii) Pagi Iii) First	Distinguish between: I) Logical versus physical address space ii) Paging versus segmentation. lii) First fit and best fit algorithms.									6	CO3	L2		
8								6	CO3	L2					
								е							
		Α	В	С	A	В	С	A C	В						
	Ро	0	0	2	0	0	4	1 2	0						
	P1	1	0	0	2		1								
	P2	1 5	3		1	3	7								
	P3	6	3	2		•	2								
	P4	3	4		1		7								
	Answe Is the s If a red be gra	systen quest	n in a fron	a "sa n pro	fe st	ate" ? s P2	?	_			_	:hm: e reque	st		
9	For the	e give	n sn	aps	hot:								6	CO3	L2
			loca					AX	$\frac{1}{2}$		ailabl				
		<i>F</i>	A B			A l	<u></u>	С	ر	A E	3 C	ט			
	P1	0 2	0	1		0	0	1		1	5 2	2			
	P2	1 0	0	0		1	7	5	0						

P3	1 4	3	5	2	3	5	6				
P4	0 2	6	3	0	6	5					
P ₅	o 4	0	1	0 6	6	5					
	ing Banke Vhat is ne s the syste f a reques nted?	ed n em ir	natrix o safe :	conter state?		P2((D,4,2	2,0) arrivers, can it b	Э		
	at is pago s involve	e 6	CO3	L2							
7.0.: nun	1,2,0,3,0,4	ame	o. Calc s is ed	qual to	the i		ber	reference strear of page faults whe FO, LRU and Optima	n Í	CO3	L2
12 Exp						xima	atior	n page replacemer	it 7	CO3	L2
13 Exp	lain copy	-on-	write p	oroces	s in	virtu	al m	nemory.	6	CO4	L2
	ite short r								6	CO4	L2
	What are the different allocation methods in disk? Explain in detail any two methods.									CO ₄	L2
16 Wh	at are diff	eren	t type	s of file	e sha	ring	? Ex	xplain.	6	CO4	L3
	List the different Directory Structure. Explain acyclic-grap directory and tree structured directory.									CO ₄	L3
	Explain different free space management									CO4	L3
19 Wh	at is a file	? Als	o list d	differe	nt file	e op	erat	ions	6	CO4	L3
	lain differ								7	CO4	L3
	What are the different techniques with which a file can be shared among users.									CO ₄	L3

D₃. TEACHING PLAN - 3

Modele			
Title:	Secondary Storage Structures, Protection	Appr	8 Hrs
		Time:	
Α	Course Outcomes	-	Blooms
-	The student should be able to:	-	Level
1	Interpret different methods of secondary storage	CO5	L3
2	Show the Design principles of OS w.r.t Linux OS	CO5	L3
В	Course Schedule	-	-
Class No	Portion covered per hour	-	-
41	Secondary Storage Structures, Protection: Mass storage structures; Disk structure; Disk attachment; Disk scheduling	CO ₅	L3
42	Disk management; Swap space management.	CO ₅	L3
43	Protection: Goals of protection, Principles of protection	CO5	L2
44	Domain of protection, Access matrix, Implementation of access matrix, Access control	CO ₅	L3

45	Revocation of access rights, Capability- Based systems	CO5	L3
46	Case Study: The Linux Operating System: Linux history; Design principles; Kernel modules	CO ₅	L3
47	Process management; Scheduling;	CO5	L3
48	Memory Management;	CO ₅	L2
49	File systems	CO ₅	L3
50	Input and output;Inter-process communication	CO5	<u></u>
С	Application Areas	-	-
-	Students should be able employ / apply the Module learnings to	-	-
1	Companies , Hospital	CO5	L3
D	Review Questions	-	-
-	The attainment of the module learning assessed through following questions	-	-
61	List the different disk scheduling techniques, Explain any two scheduling, considering the following disk queue requests: 98,183,37,122,14,124,65,67.	CO5	L3
62	What is an access matrix? Explain the different methods of implementing access matrix.	CO ₅	L3
63	Explain bad-block recovery in disk.	CO ₅	L3
64	Explain the different steps involved in disk formatting	CO5	L3
65	Suppose that a disk has 50 cylinders named 0 to 49. The read/write head is currently serving at cylinder 15. The queue of pending requests are in order: 4, 40,11, 35, 7,14. For each of the scheduling algorithms: SCAN, C-LOOK and C-SCAN. i) Show the graphical representation for above scheduling algorithms. (ii) Find the average head movement for above scheduling algorithms	CO5	L3
66	Differentiate between protection and security.	CO5	L3
67	Explain the various storage mechanisms available to store files with neat diagram.	CO ₅	L3
68	Write a short notes on: I) Swap space management ii) Revocation of access rights	CO5	L3
69	With supporting diagrams, explain linked and indexed method of allocating disk space.	CO ₅	L3
70	Explain the following disk scheduling algorithm in brief: I) SSTF ii) SCAN iii) LOOK	CO ₅	L3
71	Explain in brief the selection of disk scheduling algorithm.	CO5	L3
72	Explain the Design principle of Linux.	CO5	L3
73	Explain the process management in Linux platform.	CO5	L3
74	Explain the interprocess communication mechanism in Linux.	CO5	L3
75	Explain File Systems in Linux.	CO5	L3
76	What do you mean by Cloning? How is it achieved in Linux system.	CO5	L3
77	Write a short notes on: I) Portability issues in LINUX ii) Network structure in LINUX.	CO5	L3
	Evnoviones		
E	Experiences	-	-
1		CO5	L2
2		CO5	

E3. CIA EXAM - 3

a. Model Question Paper - 3

Crs Code	17CS64	Sem:	6	II TIAI NS.	30	Time:	75min
Course:	Operating S	iystems					

-	-	Note: Answer all questions, each carry equal marks. Module : 5	Marks	СО	Level
1	Α	What is an access matrix? Explain the different methods of implementing	6	CO5	L3
		access matrix.			
	В	Explain bad-block recovery in disk.	7	CO5	L3
		OR			
2	a	List the different disk scheduling techniques, Explain any two	7	CO5	L3
		scheduling, considering the following disk queue requests:			
		98,183,37,122,14,124,65,67.			
	b	Explain the interprocess communication mechanism in Linux.	8	CO5	L3
		MODULE-5			
3	а	Explain the various storage mechanisms available to store files with neat	7	CO5	L3
		diagram.			
	b	Write a short notes on:	8	CO5	L3
		I) Swap space management			
		ii) Revocation of access rights			
		OR			
4	а	With supporting diagrams, explain linked and indexed method of	8	CO5	L3
		allocating disk space.			
	b	Explain the following disk scheduling algorithm in brief:	7	CO5	L3
		I) SSTF ii) SCAN iii) LOOK			

b. Assignment - 3

			Mod	del Assignme	nt Question	S			
Crs Code:	17CS64	Sem:	6	Marks:	30	Time:	75min		
Course:	Operating	Systems	·						
SNo			Assign	ment Descrip	otion		Marks	СО	Level
1		an acce		? Explain 1	he differe	nt methods	of 5	CO ₅	L3
2	Explain ba	ad-block re	ecovery in	disk.			6	CO5	L3
3	Explain th	e different	steps invo	lved in disk fo	ormatting		7	CO5	L3
4	head is cuare in ord SCAN, Cabove schabove sch	irrently sei der: 4, 40,1 LOOK and neduling a neduling al	rving at cy 1, 35, 7,14 C-SCAN. lgorithms.(gorithms	linder 15. The For each of i) Show the ii) Find the a	queue of p the schedu graphical re verage hea	The read/wri pending reques uling algorithm presentation for d movement f	ts is: or	CO5	L3
5	Differentia	ite betwee	n protectio	on and securi	Zy.		4	CO5	L3
6	Explain the neat diagr		storage n	nechanisms	available to	store files wi	th 5	CO ₅	L3
7		ort notes of pace mana- tion of acc	gement				7	CO5	L3
8		porting di disk space		explain linked	d and inde	exed method	of 7	CO ₅	L3
9		e following SCAN iii		duling algori	thm in brief:		6	CO ₅	L3
10	Explain in	brief the s	election of	disk schedul	ing algorith	m.	5	CO5	L3
11			orinciple o				7	CO5	L3
12	Explain th	ne process	managem	nent in Linux p	olatform.		6	CO5	L3
13		le Systems					5	CO5	L3
14				? How is it acl	nieved in Lir	nux system.	7	CO5	L3
15		ort notes on ty issues ir structure	ı LINUX					CO5	L3

F. EXAM PREPARATION

1. University Model Question Paper

Cours	e:	Operati	ng Syster	ns				Month /	/ Year	May /	2018
Crs C		17CS64		em:	6	Marks:	100	Time:			inutes
Mod ule		_		ull questi	ons. All q		y equal marks.		Marks		Level
1	a	1	Operating	•	With a r	eat diagram (explain the dual	mode of	08	CO1	L2
	b	Explain the syst		ices of C	perating	System that	are helpful for u	setr and	08	CO1	L2
	С	I) virtua ii) CPU : iii) Syste	l machine schedule	•	:	OR			04	CO1	L2
		\Y/hat ic	06	CO2	L4						
	b b	What	is interp	rocess c	ommuni	cation? Expla	s state diagram ain direct and a system.	indirect		CO2	L4
	С	communication with respect to message passing system. Explain the layered approach to structuring of an OS along with a relevant diagram								CO2	L4
2	а	Explain Multithreading models, Also list the benefits of Multithreaded Programming.								Co3	L2
	b	Explain	Multiprod	cessor Scl	neduling				04	Co3	L2
	С										L2
		ess	Time (m sec)	time (m sec)							
		P1 P2	10 5	3	2						
		P3	6	3	6						
		P4	4	<u>5</u>	3						
		Consider larger number as highest priority. Calculate the average waiting time and turn around time and draw Gantt chart for preemptive scheduling and premptive SJF scheduling.									
	a								08	CO ₄	L3
	b	solution to critical section problem. b Explain Dining-philosophers problem with semaphores.							08	CO ₄	L3
	С				•	riew of monito			04	CO4	L3
	C	Lypiaiii	uie syrita	in ai iu 501	ici i idile v	icw of Hiofillo	/I J		04	004	<u> </u>
3	а			necessary ver from c			dlock? Explain	different	10	CO5	L4
	b	Conside	er the foll	owing sna	pshot of	a system:			10	CO ₅	L4
			Allocati	on MAX	(A	Availabl e					

			А	В	С	Α	В	С	A C	В					
		Ро	0	0	2	0	0	4	1	0					
) 			0		4	2						
		P1	1	0	0	2	0	1							
		P2	1 5	3		1	3	7							
		Рз	6	3	2	8	4	2							
		P4	1 3	4		1	5	7							
			r the						ısing	Banker	's algorithm:				
		Is the s							uas fo	or (002) can the request	he granted			
		immed			ріс		5	aiii	ves i	JI (002	can the request	be granted			
		OR											-0	000	1
	a	What is paging? Explain paging hardware with translation look-aside buffer.										look-aside	06	CO6	L2
	b	Explain the structure of page table with respect to hierarchical paging.										paging.	06	CO6	L2
		Given the 5 memory partitions of 100K, 500K, 200K, 300K and 600K apply first fit and best fit and worst fit algorithm to place 212K, 417K, 112K and 426K size. Which algorithm makes efficient use of memory?											80	CO6	L2
4		What is page fault? With a supporting diagram explain the steps involved in handling page fault.										06	CO7	L3	
	b	Consider the following page reference stream 7,0,1,2,0,3,0,4,2,3,0. Calculate the number of page faults when number of frames is equal to 3, using FIFO, LRU and Optimal page replacement algorithms.											06	CO7	L3
	С	Explair											08	CO7	L3
									OF						
		two me	ethod	ls.							in disk? Explain ir	n detail any	06	CO8	L2
		What is											05	CO8	L2
		List the tree str					ry St	truct	ure.	Explair	ı acyclic-graph diı	rectory and	09	CO8	L2
5		List t schedu 98,183,	ıling,		ider	ing	th		eduli follo	ng te owing	chniques,Explain disk queue	any two requests:	06	CO9	L3
			s an a	acces				plai	n the	differe	nt methods of im	plementing	06	CO9	L3
	С	Explain bad-block recovery in disk.										08	CO9	L3	
									OF	₹					
		Explair											06	CO10	L3
											atform.		06	CO10	L3
	С	Explair	the the	inter	pro	cess	con	nmu	nicat	ion me	chanism in Linux.		08	CO10	L3

2. SEE Important Questions

Course: Operating Sustems Month										
Crs Code:		17Cs64	Sem:	6	Marks:	100	Time:			
	Note	Answer all FIVE	-	-						
Mod	Qno.	Important Que:	stion					Marks	СО	Year
ule										

1	1				With a r	neat diagra	am explain 1	the dual mode of	06	CO1	2018
	2	Explain			perating	System t	hat are help	oful for usetr and	06	CO1	2018
	3	the syst		ring terms	·-				04	CO ₁	2018
	3		l machine						04		2010
			schedule								
		iii) Syste	em call ext switcl	า							
	4				nd expla	in the pro	cess state d	iagram	05	CO2	2018
	5	What	is interp	rocess c	ommuni	cation? E	xplain dire	ect and indirect	06	CO2	2018
	-		inication v			00-					
	6	Explain diagran	,	ed approa	ach to str	ructuring o	of an OS alor	ng with a relevant	09	CO2	2018
	7			al proper	ties of ba	tch,real tir	ne and distr	ibuted OS	06	CO1	2014
	8	What a	re the diff	erent way	s in whic	:h P-thread	ds terminate	,	05	CO1	2015
	9				<u> </u>		multiproces		05	CO1	2015
	10	What a system		n calls?	With ex	ample ex	plain differe	ent categories of	07	CO ₂	2012
	11			machines	? Explair	its advan	tages with a	neat diagram	08	CO2	2014
	12	What a	re the be	s? Describe direct	07	CO2	2012				
		and ind	irect inter	process	commun	ication.					
2	1	Explain Multithreading models, Also list the benefits of Multithreaded									2018
_	1	Programming.									2010
	2			cessor Scl					04	C03	2018
	3	Consid	er the fol	owing se	et of proc	esses with	n arrival time	5.	06	CO3	2017
		Proc	Burst	Arrival	priority	У					
		ess	Time	time							
			(m	(m							
			sec)	sec)							
		P1	10	0	4						
		P2	5	3	2						
		P3	6	3	6						
		P4	4	5	3						
		1	_		_			e average waiting			
				around premptive			Jantt Chart	for preemptive			
	4						control syr	nchronization with	08	CO ₃	2018
		an exan	nple							00-	
	5 6						multithreac ng criteria.			CO ₃	2016
	J			an examp		SCHOUUII	ig criteria.	Explain priority	/	004	2015
	7	Explain	critical-s	ection pro	blem an	d solution			6	CO4	2017
	8						problem? E	xplain Peterson's	06	CO ₄	2017
	9	solution to critical section problem. Explain Dining-philosophers problem with semaphores.									2016
	10	Explain	the synta	x and sch	nematic \	view of mo	nitors		0 <u>5</u> 0 <u>5</u>	CO ₄	2016
3	1						deadlock?	Explain different	80	CO ₅	2018
	2			ver from o		a system:			07	CO ₅	2018
	_				.poi 10t 01		_		5/	505	2010
		Allocation MAX Availabl									
					ϵ	9					
				1			1			1	

									I		1				1
			Α	В	С	Α	В	С	A C	В					
		Ро	0	0	2	0	0	4	1 2	0					
		P1	1	0	0	2	0	1							
		P2	1 5	3		1	3	7							
		РЗ	6	3	2	8	4	2							
		P4	1 3	4		1	5	7							
		Is the s	systen quest	n in a from	a "sa	ife st	ate"	?	_		's algorithm:) can the requ	est be granted			
		What metho								s for	deadlock? Ex	plain different	80	CO ₅	2017
	4	What is Justify				Does	thi	s inc	reas	e the c	perating syste	ms overhead?	80	CO5	2016
	_		do you	ı me	an k	•	_					tween internal	08	CO ₅	2015
											for segmentat	ion.	07	CO6	2017
	7	Disting I) Logic	guish cal vei	betv rsus	veer phy:	n: sical	add	lress		-			07	CO6	2016
		ii) Paging versus segmentation. Iii) First fit and best fit algorithms.													
		first fit	and I	best	fit a	and v	wors	t fit	algo	rithm t		nd 600K apply 417K, 112K and	06	CO6	2015
		Evolair	, tho	diffor	cont	LDLI	201	rovi	mati	00 000	o roplacament	algorithms	06	CO7	2016
4	2	What is	s pag	e fau	ılt ?	With					e replacement am explain the	steps involved	06 06	CO7	2016
	3	Calcula	er tl	he e nu	follo mbe	wing er of	pag	e faı	ults w	vhen ni		1,2,0,3,0,4,2,3,0. es is equal to 3,	06	CO7	2016
	4	Explair											04	CO7	2018
	5		are t	he d								n in detail any	06	CO8	2018
	6	What is	s a file	e? Al	so li	st dif	fere	nt fil	e op	eration	S.		05	CO8	2018
		List the tree str					,	truct	ure.	Explair	acyclic-graph	directory and	07	CO8	2017
	8	Consid Calcula	ler tl ate th	he e nu	follo mbe	wing er of	g p pag	e faı	ults w	vhen ni		1,2,0,3,0,4,2,3,0. es is equal to 3,	08	CO8	2017
5		Write a I) Swap ii) Revo	spac	ce m	ana	geme		6					08	CO9	2017
	2		suppo	orting	g d	iagra			plain	linked	d and indexe	d method of	08	CO9	2016
	3		n the f	follo	wing	g disk		nedu	ıling	algorith	nm in brief:		80	CO9	2015
								of di	sk sc	heduli	ng algorithm.		08	CO9	2018
		Explair									<u>-</u>		08	CO10	

COURSE PLAN - CAY 2019-20

6	Explain the process management in Linux platform.	05	CO10	2015
7	Explain the interprocess communication mechanism in Linux.	07	CO10	2016
8	List the different disk scheduling techniques, Explain any two scheduling, considering the following disk queue requests: 98,183,37,122,14,124,65,67.		CO10	2018
9	What is an access matrix? Explain the different methods of implementing access matrix.	80	CO10	2018
10	Explain bad-block recovery in disk.	08	CO10	2018