SRI KRISHNA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY, BENGALURU


Academic Year 2018-19

| Program: | B E - Basic Science |
| :---: | :---: |
| Semester: | 2 |
| Course Code: | 18 CPL27 |
| Course Title: | C Programming Laboratory |
| Credit /L-T-P: | $1 / 0-0-2$ |
| Total Contact Hours: | 42 |
| Course Plan Author: | Iranna SA |

Academic Evaluation and Monitoring Cell

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## INSTRUCTIONS TO TEACHERS

- Classroom / Lab activity shall be started after taking attendance.
- Attendance shall only be signed in the classroom by students.
- Three hours attendance should be given to each Lab.
- Use only Blue or Black Pen to fill the attendance.
- Attendance shall be updated on-line \& status discussed in DUGC.
- No attendance should be added to late comers.
- Modification of any attendance, over writings, etc is strictly prohibited.
- Updated register is to be brought to every academic review meeting as per the COE.


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## A. LABORATORY INFORMATION

## 1. Laboratory Overview

| Degree: | B E | Program: | BS |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Year / Semester: | I/ II | Academic Year: | 2018-19 |
| Course Title: | C Programming Laboratory | Course Code: | 18CPL27 |
| Credit / L-T-P: | $1 /$ O-0-2 | SEE Duration: | 180 Minutes |
| Total Contact Hours: | 40 Hrs | SEE Marks: | 60 Marks |
| CIA Marks: | 40 | Assignment | - |
| Lab. Plan Author: | Iranna SA | Sign | Dt : |
| Checked By: |  | Sign | Dt : |

## 2. Laboratory Content

| Expt | Title of the Experiments | Lab <br> Hou rs | Concept | Blooms Level |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | Familiarization with programming environment, concept of naming the program files, storing, compilation, execution and debugging. Taking any simple C- code | 2 | Execution of simple C Code | L3 Apply |
|  | PART-A |  |  |  |
| 2 | Develop a program to solve simple computational problems using arithmetic expressions and use of each operator leading to simulation of a commercial calculator. (No built-in math function) | 2 | Arithmetic Operators | L3 Apply |
| 3 | Develop a program to compute the roots of a quadratic equation by accepting the coefficients. Print appropriate messages. | 2 | Decisionmaking statements | L3 Apply |
| 4 | Develop a program to find the reverse of a positive integer and check for palindrome or not. Display appropriate messages | 2 | Looping statements | L3 Apply |
|  | An electricity board charges the following rates for the use of electricity: for the first 200 units 80 paise per unit: for the next 100 units 90 paise per unit: beyond 300 units Rs 1 per unit. All users are charged a minimum of Rs. 100 as meter charge. If the total amount is more than Rs 400 , then an additional surcharge of $15 \%$ of total amount is charged. Write a program to read the name of the user, number of units consumed and print out the charges | 2 | Decisionmaking statements | L3 Apply |
| 6 | Introduce 1D Array manipulation and implement Binary search. | 2 | Linear representatio n of 1-D arrays | L4 <br> Analyze |
|  | Implement using functions to check whether the given number is prime and display appropriate messages. (No built-in math function) | 2 | Modular representatio n | L4 <br> Analyze |
|  | PART-B |  |  |  |
| 8 | Develop a program to introduce 2D Array manipulation and implement Matrix multiplication and ensure the rules of multiplication are checked. | 2 | Linear representatio n of 2-D arrays | L4 <br> Analyze |
| 9 | Develop a Program to compute $\operatorname{Sin}(x)$ using Taylor series approximation. Compare your result with the built- in Library function. Print both the results with appropriate messages. | 2 | Modular Representatio n | L4 <br> Analyze |
| 10 | Write functions to implement string operations such as compare, concatenate, string length. Convince the parameter passing techniques. | 2 | String operations | L4 <br> Analyze |
|  | Develop a program to sort the given set of N numbers using Bubble sort. | 2 | Data arrangement | L4 Analyze |
|  | Develop a program to find the square root of a given number N and execute for all possible inputs with appropriate messages. Note: Don't use library function sqrt(n). | 2 | Modular programming | L4 <br> Analyze |
| 13 | Implement structures to read, write, compute average- marks and the students scoring above and below the average marks for a class of N students. | 2 | Derived datatype | L4 <br> Analyze |
| 14 | Develop a program using pointers to compute the sum, mean and standard deviation of all elements stored in an array of n real numbers | 2 | Address of memory location | L4 <br> Analyze |
| 15 | Implement Recursive functions for Binary to Decimal Conversion | 2 | Self- invoking functions | L3 Apply |

## 3. Laboratory Material

Books \& other material as recommended by university ( $\mathrm{A}, \mathrm{B}$ ) and additional resources used by Laboratory teacher (C).

| Expt. | Details | Expt. in | Availability |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |


|  |  | book |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A | Text books (Title, Authors, Edition, Publisher, Year.) | - | - |
|  | Programming in ANSI C , E. Balaguruswamy, ${ }^{\text {th }}$ Edition,Tata McGraw-Hill |  | In Library |
|  | The C Programming Language ,Brian W. Kernighan and Dennis M. Ritchie, Prentice Hall of India. |  | In Library |
| B | Reference books (Title, Authors, Edition, Publisher, Year.) | - | - |
|  | Sumitabha Das, Computer Fundamentals \& C Programming, Mc Graw Hill Education. |  | In Library |
|  | Gary J Bronson, ANSI C Programming, 4 th Edition, Ceneage Learning |  |  |
|  | Vikas Gupta: Computer Concepts and C Programming, Dreamtech Press 2013. |  |  |
|  | R S Bichkar, Programming with C, University Press, 2012 |  |  |
|  | V Rajaraman: Computer Programming in C, PHI, 2013. |  |  |
|  | Basavaraj S. Anami, Shanmukhappa A Angadi, Sunilkumar S. Manvi, Computer Concepts and C Programming: A Holistic Approach to Learning C, Second edition, PHI India, 2010. |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
| C | Concept Videos or Simulation for Understanding | - | - |
| Chttps://www.youtube.com/watch? v=OeZmijHQMgs |  |  |  |
| Cattps://www.youtube.com/watch?v=aj_XgUwHXac https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=eytkPcvxb70 |  |  |  |
| Cbttps://www.youtube.com/watch?v=kTgvxEtV130 |  |  |  |
| C4 | https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=xB3OnNnhDrU |  |  |
| C5 | https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=LEgitOGtgkM |  |  |
| C6 | https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=u93_v49rExo |  |  |
| C7 | https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=j1-68rfowsg |  |  |
| C8 | https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Ranc3Vvjl88 |  |  |
| C9 | https://www.edureka.co/blog/pointers-in-c/ |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
| D | Software Tools for Design | - | - |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
| E | Recent Developments for Research | - | - |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  | ? | In lib |
| F | Others (Web, Video, Simulation, Notes etc.) | - | - |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |

## 4. Laboratory Prerequisites:

Refer to GL01. If prerequisites are not taught earlier, GAP in curriculum needs to be addressed. Include in Remarks and implement in B. 5.
Students must have learnt the following Courses / Topics with described Content

| Expt. | Lab. <br> Code | Lab. Name | Topic / Description | Sem | Remarks | Blooms <br> Level |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
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## 5. Content for Placement, Profession, HE and GATE

The content is not included in this course, but required to meet industry \& profession requirements and help students for Placement, GATE, Higher Education, Entrepreneurship, etc. Identifying Area / Content requires experts consultation in the area.
Topics included are like, a. Advanced Topics, b. Recent Developments, c. Certificate Courses, d. Course Projects, e. New Software Tools, f. GATE Topics, g. NPTEL Videos, h. Swayam videos etc.

| Expt. | Topic / Description | Area | Remarks | Blooms <br> Level |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |

## B. Laboratory Instructions

## 1. General Instructions

| SNo | Instructions | Remarks |
| :---: | :--- | :--- |
| 1 | Observation book and Lab record are compulsory. |  |
| 2 | Students should report to the concerned lab as per the time table. |  |
| 3 | After completion of the program, certification of the concerned staff in- <br> charge in the observation book is necessary. |  |
| 4 | Student should bring a notebook of 100 pages and should enter the <br> readings /observations into the notebook while performing the experiment. |  |
| 5 | The record of observations along with the detailed experimental procedure <br> of the experiment in the Immediate last session should be submitted and <br> certified staff member in-charge. |  |
| 6 | Should attempt all problems / assignments given in the list session wise. |  |
| 7 | It is responsibility to create a separate directory to store all the programs, so <br> that nobody else can read or copy. |  |
| 8 | When the experiment is completed, should disconnect the setup made by <br> them, and should return all the components/instruments taken for the <br> purpose. |  |
| 9 | Any damage of the equipment or burn-out components will be viewed <br> seriously either by putting penalty or by dismissing the total group of <br> students from the lab for the semester/year |  |
| 10 | Completed lab assignments should be submitted in the form of a Lab <br> Record in which you have to write the algorithm, program code along with <br> comments and output for various inputs given |  |

## 2. Laboratory Specific Instructions

| SNo | Specific Instructions | Remarks |
| :---: | :--- | :---: |
| 1 | Start windows Operating system |  |
| 2 | Open the Turbo C text editor screen in Windows |  |
| 3 | Select new file |  |
| 4 | Write the program |  |
| 5 | Save the program with ". c" extension |  |
| 6 | Compile the program using Alt + F9 |  |
| 7 | Press Ctrl + F9 to Run to execute the Program |  |
| 8 | Press Alt + F5 to view the output of the program at the output screen |  |

## C. OBE PARAMETERS

## 1. Laboratory Outcomes

| Expt. Lab Code \# | COs / Experiment Outcome | Teach. <br> Hours | Concept | Instr <br> Method | Assessment <br> Method | Blooms' <br> Level |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| - | - | At the end of the experiment, the | - | - | - | - | - |

[^0]|  |  | student should be able to ... |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 18CPL27.1 | Develop execution of C code using Turbo C compiler | 02 | Execution of simple C Code | Demons trate | Viva \& presentation | $\begin{gathered} \text { L3 } \\ \text { Apply } \end{gathered}$ |
| 2 | 18CPL27.2 | Develop a C code using Conditional branching statements | 08 | Decisionmaking statements | Demons trate | Viva \& presentation | L3 Apply |
| 3 | 18CPL27.3 | Develop a C code using Looping statements | 03 | Looping statements | Demons trate | Viva \& presentation | L3 Apply |
| 4 | 18CPL27.4 | Develop a C code using Arrays | 08 | Linear representatio n | Demons trate | Viva \& presentation | L4 Analyze |
| 5 | 18CPL27.5 | Develop a C code using user defined functions. | 09 | Modular representatio n | Demons trate | Viva \& presentation | L4 Analyze |
| 6 | 18CPL27.6 | Develop a C code using String manipulation functions parameters | 03 | String operations | Demons trate | Viva \& presentation | $\begin{gathered} \text { L4 } \\ \text { Analyze } \end{gathered}$ |
| 7 | 18CPL27.7 | Develop a C code using structures | 03 | Derived datatype | Demons trate | Viva \& presentation | L4 Analyze |
| 8 | 18CPL27.8 | Develop a C code using pointers | 03 | Address of memory location | Demons trate | Viva \& presentation | L4 Analyze |
| 9 | 18CPL27.9 | Develop a C code using recursion | 03 | Selfinvoking functions | Demons trate | Viva \& presentation | L3 Apply |
| - |  | Total | 42 | - | - | - | - |

Note: Identify a max of 2 Concepts per unit. Write 1 CO per concept.

## 2. Laboratory Applications

| Expt. | Application Area | CO | Level |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | Computer Science | CO 1 | L 3 |
| 2 | Banking sectors | CO 2 | L 3 |
| 3 | Theory of Algebra | CO 2 | L 3 |
| 4 | In Number theory ,DNA sequences | CO 3 | L 3 |
| 5 | Electricity department | CO 2 | L 3 |
| 6 | Applications of the binary search algorithm include sets,, trees dictionaries, bags, <br> bag trees, bag dictionaries, hash sets, hash tables, maps | CO 4 | L 3 |
| 7 | Theory of Algebra | CO 3 | L 3 |
| 8 | Computer Graphics | CO 4 | L 4 |
| 9 | Power flow analysis of electrical power systems | CO 3 | L 4 |
| 10 | Database Management system | CO 5 | L 4 |
| 11 | Bubble sort is used in programming TV remote to sort channels on the basis of <br> longer viewing time | CO 4 | L 3 |
| 12 | Mathematical statistics | CO 3 | L 3 |
| 13 | Computer Architecture | CO 6 | L 3 |
| 14 | Memory allocation | CO 7 | L 3 |
| 15 | Computer Technology for encoding and decoding | CO 8 | L 3 |

Note: Write 1 or 2 applications per CO.

## 3. Mapping And Justification

CO - PO Mapping with mapping Level along with justification for each CO-PO pair.
To attain competency required (as defined in POs) in a specified area and the knowledge \& ability required to accomplish it.

| Expt | Mapping |  | Mapping Level | Justification for each CO-PO pair | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline \text { Lev } \\ \text { el } \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| - | CO | PO | - | 'Area': ‘Competency' and 'Knowledge' for specified 'Accomplishment' | - |
| 1 | CO1 | PO1 | 3 | 'Engineering Knowledge:' - Acquisition of Engineering Knowledge of Klystron Oscillator is essential to accomplish solutions to complex engineering problems in Electronics Engineering. | L2 |
| 1 | CO1 | PO 2 |  | 'Problem Analysis': Analyzing problems require knowledge / understanding of microwave oscillators and working of Klystron Oscillators to accomplish solutions to complex engineering problems in Electronics engineering. | L3 |
| 1 | CO1 | PO 3 | 1 | 'Design / Development of Solutions': Design \& development of solutions require knowledge / understanding \& analysis of microwave oscillators and working of Klystron Oscillators to accomplish solutions to complex engineering problems in Electronics engineering. | L6 |

## 4. Articulation Matrix

CO - PO Mapping with mapping level for each CO-PO pair, with course average attainment.

| - | - | Experiment Outcomes | Program Outcomes |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | - |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Expt. | CO.\# | At the end of the experiment student should be able to . |  | $\begin{array}{\|c\|c} \hline \mathrm{PO} & \mathrm{PO} \\ 2 & 3 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline \mathrm{PO} \\ 4 \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{PO} \\ 5 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{PO} \\ 6 \end{gathered}$ | PO 7 | $\mathrm{PO}$ | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{PO} \\ 9 \end{gathered}$ | PO | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{PO} \\ 11 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{PO} \\ 12 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{PS} \\ & \mathrm{O} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \mathrm{PS} \\ \mathrm{O} 2 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{PS} \\ & \mathrm{O}_{3} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Lev } \\ \mathrm{el} \end{gathered}$ |
| 1 | 18CPL27.1 | Develop execution of C code using Turbo C compiler |  | $2.52 .5$ |  | 2.5 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | L3 |
| 2,3,5 | 18CPL27.2 | Develop a C code using Conditional branching statements |  | $2.52 .5$ |  | 2.5 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | L3 |
| 4 | 18CPL27.3 | Develop a C code using Looping statements |  | $2.52 .5$ |  | 2.5 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | L3 |
| 6.8,11 | 18CPL27.4 | Develop a C code using Arrays | 2.5 | 2.52 .5 |  | 2.5 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | L4 |
| 7.9,12 | 18CPL27.5 | Develop a C code using user defined functions. | 2.5 | $2.52 .5$ |  | 2.5 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | L4 |
| 10 | 18CPL27.6 | Develop a C code using String manipulation functions parameters |  | $2.52 .5$ |  | 2.5 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | L4 |
| 13 | 18CPL27.7 | Develop a C code using structures |  | $2.52 .5$ |  | 2.5 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | L4 |
| 14 | 18CPL27.8 | Develop a C code using pointers | 2.5 | 2.52 .5 |  | 2.5 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | L4 |
| 15 | 18CPL27.9 | Develop a C code using recursion |  | $2.52 .5$ |  | 2.5 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | L3 |
| - | 18CPL27 | Average attainment (1, 2, or 3) |  | $\begin{array}{ll} 2 . & 2 \\ 5 & 5 \end{array}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 2 \\ & 5 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | - |
| - | PO, PSO | 1.Engineering Knowledge; 2.Proble 4. Conduct Investigations of Complex Society; 7.Environment and Sustran 10.Communication; 11.Project S1.Software Engineering; S2.Data Bas | blem <br> lex <br> Susta <br> Man <br> Base | Analy <br> Problem <br> Pinability <br> agement <br> e Mana | sis; ms; ty; nt agem | $\begin{array}{r} 3 . D \\ \text { 5.Mc } \\ \text { 8.Et } \\ \text { an } \\ \text { men } \end{array}$ | Desig <br> Moder <br> Ethic <br> and $n t ; S_{3}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { sign } \\ & \text { ern } \\ & \text { cs; } \\ & \text { Fir } \\ & 33 . W \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { I } \\ \text { Toon } \\ \text { 9.Ir } \\ \text { nan } \\ \text { leb } \end{gathered}$ |  | velop <br> sage <br> vidua <br> 12. <br> ign | $p m$ | ent | of <br> En <br> g |  | eer | ions; <br> and ork; ing; |

## 5. Curricular Gap and Experiments

Topics \& contents not covered (from A.4), but essential for the course to address POs and PSOs.

| Expt | Gap Topic | Actions Planned | Schedule Planned | Resources Person | PO Mapping |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 3 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 4 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 5 |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |


|  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Note: Write Gap topics from A. 4 and add others also. |  |  |

## 6. Experiments Beyond Syllabus

Topics \& contents required (from A.5) not addressed, but help students for Placement, GATE, Higher Education, Entrepreneurship, etc.

| Expt | Gap Topic | Actions Planned | Schedule Planned | Resources Person | PO Mapping |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 3 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 4 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 5 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 6 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 7 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 8 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 9 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 10 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 11 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 12 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 13 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 14 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 15 |  |  |  |  |  |

## D. COURSE ASSESSMENT

## 1. Laboratory Coverage

Assessment of learning outcomes for Internal and end semester evaluation. Distinct assignment for each student. 1 Assignment per chapter per student. 1 seminar per test per student.

| Unit | Title |  | No. of question in Exam |  |  |  |  |  |  | CO | Levels |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \mathrm{ng} \\ \text { Hours } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | CIA-1 | CIA-2 | CIA-3 | Asg-1 | Asg-2 | Asg-3 | SEE |  |  |
| 1 | Familiarization C Program | 02 | 1 | - | - | - | - | - | 1 | CO1 | L3 |
|  | PART-A |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2 | Commercial calculator | 02 | 1 | - | - | - | - | - | 1 | CO 2 | L3 |
| 3 | Quadratic equation | 03 | 1 | - | - | - | - | - | 1 | CO 2 | L3 |
| 4 | palindrome or not. | 02 | 1 | - | - | - | - | - | 1 | CO 3 | L3 |
| 5 | Electricity Bill | 03 | 1 | - | - | - | - | - | 1 | CO 2 | L3 |
| 6 | Binary search | 03 | - | 1 | - | - | - | - | 1 | CO 4 | L4 |
| 7 | Prime number or not | 03 | - | 1 | - | - | - | - | 1 | $\mathrm{CO}_{5}$ | L4 |
|  | PART-B |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 8 | Matrix multiplication . | 03 | - | 1 | - | - | - | - | 1 | CO 4 | L4 |
| 9 | Sin $(x)$ using Taylor series | 03 | - | 1 | - | - | - | - | 1 | $\mathrm{CO}_{5}$ | L4 |
| 10 | string operations such as <br> compare,concatenate, string <br> length. . | 03 | - | 1 | - | - | - | - | 1 | CO6 | L4 |
| 11 | Bubble Sort | 03 | - | - | 1 | - | - | - | 1 | CO 4 | L4 |
| 12 | square root of a given number N | 03 | - | - | 1 | - | - | - | 1 | $\mathrm{CO}_{3}$ | L4 |
| 13 | structures to read, write, compute average- marks | 03 | - | - | 1 | - | - | - | 1 | CO 7 | L4 |
| 14 | the sum, mean and standard deviation | 03 | - | - | 1 | - | - | - | 1 | C08 | L4 |
| 15 | Binary to Decimal Conversion | 03 | - | - | 1 | - | - | - | 1 | $\mathrm{CO}_{5}$ | L3 |
| - | Total | 42 | 5 | 5 | 5 | - | - | - | 15 | - | - |

## 2. Continuous Internal Assessment (CIA)

Assessment of learning outcomes for Internal exams. Blooms Level in last column shall match with A.2.

| Evaluation | Weightage in Marks | CO | Levels |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| CIA Exam - 1 | 40 | CO1, CO2, CO3 | L3 |
| CIA Exam - 2 | 40 | $\mathrm{CO}_{3}, \mathrm{CO} 4, \mathrm{CO} 5$, | L3,L4 |
| CIA Exam - 3 | 40 | CO6,CO7, CO8,COg | L3,L4 |
| Assignment - 1 |  |  |  |
| Assignment - 2 |  |  |  |
| Assignment - 3 |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
| Seminar-1 |  |  |  |
| Seminar - 2 |  |  |  |
| Seminar-3 |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
| Other Activities - define Slip test |  |  |  |
| Final CIA Marks | 40 | - | - |


| SNo | Description | Marks |
| :---: | :--- | :--- |
| 1 | Observation and Weekly Laboratory Activities | 05 Marks |
| 2 | Record Writing | 20 Marks for each Expt |
| 3 | Internal Exam Assessment | 15 Marks |
| 4 | Internal Assessment | 40 Marks |
| 5 | SEE | 60 Marks |
| - | Total | $\mathbf{1 0 0}$ Marks |

## E. EXPERIMENTS

Experiment 01: Familiarization with programming environment by taking any simple Ccode.


|  | Output |  |
| :---: | :--- | :--- |
| 9 | Sample Calculations |  |
| 10 | Graphs, Outputs | - |
| 11 | Results \& Analysis | - |
| 12 | Application Areas | Computer Science |
| 13 | Remarks | - |
| 14 | Faculty Signature <br> with Date | - |

Experiment 02 : Develop a program to simulate commercial calculator


|  |  | $6-5=1$ <br> Enter the expression <br> $5^{*} 6=30$ <br> Enter the expression <br> $6 / 2=3$ <br> Enter the expression <br> $6 @ 2$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  |  | Illegal operator |
|  | Sample <br> Calculations | - |
| 10 | Graphs, Outputs | - |
| 11 | Results \& Analysis | - |
| 12 | Application Areas | banking sectors |
| 13 | Remarks <br> 14 | Faculty Signature <br> with Date |

Experiment 03 : Develop a program to compute the roots of a quadratic equation by accepting the coefficients. Print appropriate messages.

$\left.\begin{array}{|l|l|l|l|}\hline 8 & \begin{array}{l}\text { Observation Table, case 1: } \\ \text { Look-up } \\ \text { Output }\end{array} & \begin{array}{l}\text { Table, } \\ \text { enter the non-zero coefficient: } 101 \\ \text { Invalid Input }\end{array} \\ \text { case 2: } \\ \text { enter the non-zero coefficient: } 123 \\ \text { complex roots } \\ \text { root1=-1.000000+i1.414214 } \\ \text { root2=-1.000000-i1.414214 }\end{array}\right\}$

Experiment 04 : Develop a program to check for palindrome.

| - | Experiment No.: | 4 | Marks | Date Planned | Date Conducted |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | Title | Develop a program to find the reverse of a positive integer and check for palindrome or not. Display appropriate messages |  |  |  |
| 2 | Course Outcomes | Develop a C code using Repetitive statements |  |  |  |
| 3 | Aim | To reverse a positive integer and check whether a given number is palindrome or not |  |  |  |
| 4 | Material <br> Equipment <br> Required | Lab Manual |  |  |  |
| 5 | Theory, Formula, Principle, Concept | To apply Looping constructs |  |  |  |
| 6 | Procedure, <br> Program, Activity, <br> Algorithm, Pseudo Code | ```Step1: [start] Step2: [read no] Read n Step3: [assign reverse o and n to m] reverse=0,m=n Step4: [reverse the number] while(n\not=0) digit=n%10 n=n/10 reverse=reverse*10+digit end while Step5: [Check whether reversed and original numbers are same] if(m==reverse) print "number is a palindrome" else print "number is not a palindrome" end if Step6: [finished]``` |  |  |  |


|  |  | Stop |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 7 | Block, Circuit, <br> Model Diagram, <br> Reaction Equation, <br> Expected Graph |  |
| 8 | Observation Table, <br> Look-up Table, <br> Output  | ```case 1: enter the number: 1221 number is palindrome case 2: enter the number: 1234 number is not palindrome``` |
| 9 | Sample Calculations |  |
| 10 | Graphs, Outputs |  |
| 11 | Results \& Analysis |  |
| 12 | Application Areas | In Number theory ,DNA sequences |
| 13 | Remarks |  |
| 14 | Faculty Signature with Date |  |

Experiment 05 : Write a program to read the name of the user, number of units consumed and print out the charges.

| - | Experiment No.: | 5 | Marks | Date Planned | Date Conducted |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | Title | An electricity board charges the following rates for the use of electricity: for the first 200 units 80 paise per unit: for the next 100 units 90 paise per unit: beyond 300 units Rs 1 per unit. All users are charged a minimum of Rs. 100 as meter charge. If the total amount is more than Rs 400, then an additional surcharge of $15 \%$ of total amount is charged. Write a program to read the name of the user, number of units consumed and print out the charges |  |  |  |
| 2 | Course Outcomes | Develop a C code using Conditional branching statements |  |  |  |
| 3 | Aim | To read the name of the user, number of units consumed and print the units consumed using If-else statements |  |  |  |
| 4 | Material <br> Equipment <br> Required | Lab Manual |  |  |  |
| 5 | Theory, Formula Principle, Concept | To Compute the electricity units consumption using If-else statements |  |  |  |
| 6 | Procedure, <br> Program, Activity <br> Algorithm, Pseudo Code | Step 1: [start] <br> ,Step 2: [read the input] read name, unit <br> Step 3: [perform the operation on unit consumed] if(unit>=0 \&\& unit<=200) [ <br> Rs=unit**.80; <br> Rs=Rs+100; <br> \} <br> else if(unit<=300 \&\& unit>200) <br> [ <br> Rs=unit*0.90; <br> Rs=Rs+100; <br> \} <br> else if(unit>300) <br> [ <br> Rs=unit* ${ }^{*} 1.00$; |  |  |  |


|  |  | ] $\mathrm{Rs}=\mathrm{Rs}+100$; if(Rs>400) ] $\mathrm{Rs}=\mathrm{Rs}+\left(0.15^{*} \mathrm{Rs}\right) ;$ Step 4: [print the result] print name,unit,Rs Step 5: [finished] step 6: [stop] |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 7 | Block, Circuit, <br> Model Diagram, <br> Reaction Equation, <br> Expected Graph |  |
| 8 | Observation Table, Look-up Table, Output | 1. <br> enter the customer name: Sandhya <br> enter the number of units consumed:260 <br> the customer name is:divya <br> number of units consumed is 260 total cost(Rs) is 334.000000 <br> 2. <br> enter the customer name: sowmya <br> enter the number of units consumed:180 <br> the customer name is: sowmya <br> number of units consumed is 180 total cost(Rs) is 244.000000 <br> 3. <br> enter the customer name: Divya <br> enter the number of units consumed:380 <br> the customer name is: sandhya <br> number of units consumed is 380 total cost(Rs) is 552.000000 |
| 9 | Sample Calculations |  |
| 10 | Graphs, Outputs |  |
| 11 | Results \& Analysis |  |
| 12 | Application Areas | Electricity department |
| 13 | Remarks |  |
| 14 | Faculty Signature with Date |  |

Experiment 06 : Introduce 1-D Array manipulation and implement Binary search.

| - | Experiment No.: | 6 | Marks | Date Planned | Date Conducted |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | Title | Introduce 1D Array manipulation and implement Binary search |  |  |  |
| 2 | Course Outcomes | Develop a C code using Arrays |  |  |  |
| 3 | Aim | To apply 1-Dimensional array manipulation and implement Binary search |  |  |  |
| 4 | Material <br> Equipment <br> Required | Lab Manual |  |  |  |
| 5 | Theory, Formula, Principle, Concept | Linear representation of 1-D arrays |  |  |  |
| 6 | Procedure, <br> Program, Activity, <br> Algorithm, Pseudo Code | Step 1: [start] <br> Step 2: [read the input] read $n$ <br> Step 3: [read the array elements] for(i=0;i<n;i++) <br> read (arr[i]) <br> Step 4:lenter the number to be searched] Read num <br> Step 5: [search for key element through array] |  |  |  |


|  |  | ```low=O; high=n-1; while(low<=high) [ mid=(low+high)/2; if(arr[mid]==num) [ print(num is present in the array at position mid+1); getch(); exit(o); } else if(arr[mid]>num) high=mid-1; else low=mid+1; } print( num does not exist in the array);None``` |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 7 | Block, Circuit, <br> Model Diagram, <br> Reaction Equation, <br> Expected Graph |  |
| 8 | Observation Table, Look-up Table. Output | ,enter the number of elements in the array in ascending order: 5 enter the elements: <br> 12 <br> 23 <br> 34 <br> 45 <br> 56 <br> enter the number that has to be searched: 34 <br> 34 is present in the array at position $=3$ |
| 9 | Sample Calculations |  |
| 10 | Graphs, Outputs |  |
| 11 | Results \& Analysis |  |
| 12 | Application Areas | Applications of the binary search algorithm include sets,, trees dictionaries, bags, bag trees, bag dictionaries, hash sets, hash tables, maps |
| 13 | 3 Remarks |  |
| 14 | Faculty Signature with Date |  |

Experiment 07 : Implement using functions to check whether the given number is prime

| - | Experiment No.: | Marks | Date <br> Planned | Date <br> Conducted |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1 | Title | Implement using functions to check whether the given number <br> is prime and display appropriate messages. (No built-in math function) |  |  |
| 2 | Course Outcomes | Develop a C code using Repetitive statements <br> 3Aim check whether the given number is prime without using built-in math <br> function |  |  |
| 4Material <br> Equipment <br> Required /Lab Manual |  |  |  |  |


| 5 | Theory, Formula, Principle, Concept | Linear representation of 1-D arrays |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 6 | Procedure. Program, Activity, Algorithm, Pseudo Code | Step 1: [start] <br> Step 2: [read the input] <br> read $n$ <br> Step 3:Ito check whether the number is prime or not] int isprime(int m) <br> int x,i,min,max,j; <br> if( $m=0$ ) <br> [ <br> printf("enter $x \backslash n$ "); <br> scanf("\%d",\&x); <br> for $\left(i=2 ; i<=x-1 ; i^{++}\right)$ <br> [ <br> if( $x \% \mathrm{i}==0$ ) <br> [ <br> ] <br> $\mathrm{p}=$ isprime $(\mathrm{n})$ <br> Step 4: [print the prime number] <br> if $(p==1) \quad$ print( $n$ is prime) <br> else <br> print( $n$ is not prime) <br> Step 6: [finished] <br> stop |
| 7 | Block, Circuit, <br> Model Diagram, <br> Reaction Equation, <br> Expected Graph |  |
| 8 | Observation Table, Look-up Table, Output | ```Case 1: enter 1 for genarating prime numbers till N enter o to check whether the given number is prime or not 1 enter the minimum value and the maximum value 10 20 the list of prime no's are : 11 Case 2: enter 1 for generating prime numbers till N enter o to check whether the given number is prime or not o enter the number 5 it is a prime number Case 3: enter 1 for generating prime numbers till N enter o to check whether the given number is prime or not O enter the number 6``` |

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|  |  | it is not a prime number |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 9 | Sample <br> Calculations |  |
| 10 | Graphs, Outputs |  |
| 11 | Results \& Analysis |  |
| 12 | Application Areas | Theory of Algebra |
| 13 | Remarks |  |
| 14 | Faculty Signature <br> with Date |  |

Experiment 08 : Develop a program to implement Matrix multiplication.


|  |  | 1 <br> Multiplication is not possible |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 9 | Sample <br> Calculations |  |
| 10 | Graphs, Outputs |  |
| 11 | Results \& Analysis |  |
| 12 | Application Areas | Computer Graphics |
| 13 | Remarks |  |
| 14 | Faculty Signature <br> with Date |  |

Experiment 09 : Develop a Program to compute $\operatorname{Sin}(x)$ using Taylor series approximation.

| - | Experiment No.: | 9 | Marks | Date Planned | Date Conducted |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | Title | Develop a Program to compute $\operatorname{Sin}(x)$ using Taylor series approximation Compare your result with the built- in Library function. Print both the results with appropriate messages. |  |  |  |  |
| 2 | Course Outcomes | Develop a C code using Repetitive statements |  |  |  |  |
| 3 | Aim | To compute $\sin (x)$ using Taylor series and compare with built- in Library function |  |  |  |  |
| 4 | Material <br> Equipment <br> Required | Lab Manual |  |  |  |  |
| 5 | Theory, Formula, Principle, Concept | Modular Representation |  |  |  |  |
| 6 | Procedure, Program, Activity, Algorithm, Pseudo Code | Step 1: [start] <br> $y$,Step 2: read the value of $x$ in degrees <br> Step 3: read the number of terms more than three <br> Step 4: compute $\sin (x)$ value <br> Step 5: compare using built-in function <br> step 6: stop |  |  |  |  |
| 7 | Block, Circuit, <br> Model Diagram, <br> Reaction Equation, <br> Expected Graph | , |  |  |  |  |
| 8 | Observation Table, Look-up Table, Output | ,enter x in degrees,eg:45,60,90...etc , 30 enter the no. of terms greater than three 4 sin value is 0.500059 <br> sin value using built-in function is 0.500059 |  |  |  |  |
| 9 | Sample Calculations |  |  |  |  |  |
| 10 | Graphs, Outputs |  |  |  |  |  |
| 11 | Results \& Analysis |  |  |  |  |  |
| 12 | Application Areas | Power flow analysis of electrical power systems |  |  |  |  |
| 13 | Remarks |  |  |  |  |  |
| 14 | Faculty Signature with Date |  |  |  |  |  |

Experiment 10 : Write functions to implement string operations.

| - | Experiment No.: | 10 | Marks |  | Date <br> Planned | Date <br> Conducted |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |


| 1 | Title | Write functions to implement string operations such as compare, concatenate, string length. Convince the parameter passing techniques. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2 | Course Outcomes | Develop a C code using String manipulation functions |
| 3 | Aim | To implement string operations |
| 4 | Material Equipment Required | Lab Manual |
| 5 | Theory, Formula, Principle, Concept | String operations |
| 6 | Procedure, <br> Program, Activity, Algorithm, Pseudo Code | Step 1: [start] <br> Step 2: read the two strings <br> Step 3: compare two strings and print the result <br> Step 4: concatenate two strings and print the concatenated string <br> Step 5: compute string length <br> step 6: stop |
|  | Block, Circuit, <br> Model Diagram, <br> Reaction Equation, <br> Expected Graph |  |
| 8 | Observation Table, Look-up Table, Output | enter the first string: sandhya enter the second string: divya strings are not equal length of the string is 7 concatenated string is sandhyadivya |
| 9 | Sample Calculations |  |
| 10 | Graphs, Outputs |  |
| 11 | Results \& Analysis |  |
| 12 | Application Areas | Database Management system |
| 13 | Remarks |  |
| 14 | Faculty Signature with Date |  |

Experiment 11 :Develop a program to sort the given set of N numbers using Bubble sort.



Experiment 12 : Develop a program to find the square root of a given number N

| - | Experiment No.: | 12 | Marks | Date Planned | Date Conducted |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | Title | Develop a program to find the square root of a given number $N$ and execute for all possible inputs with appropriate messages. Note: Don't use library function sqrt(n) |  |  |  |  |
| 2 | Course Outcomes | Develop a C code using Repetitive statements |  |  |  |  |
| 3 | Aim | To find the square root of a given number N without using library function sqrt(n) |  |  |  |  |
| 4 | Material Equipment Required | Lab Manual |  |  |  |  |
| 5 | Theory, Formula, Principle, Concept | Derived datatype |  |  |  |  |
| 6 | Procedure, <br> Program, Activity, Algorithm, Pseudo Code | Step 1: start <br> Step 2: read n <br> Step 3: compute square root using user defined function <br> Step 4: print the square root of a number <br> step 5: stop |  |  |  |  |
| 7 | Block, Circuit, <br> Model Diagram, <br> Reaction Equation, <br> Expected Graph |  |  |  |  |  |
| 8 | Observation Table, <br> Look-up Table, <br> Output  | , Case 1 : <br> enter the no 64 the sqrt is 8.000 <br> Case 2 : <br> enter the no <br> 12 <br> the sqrt is 3.464 |  |  |  |  |
| 9 | Sample Calculations |  |  |  |  |  |
| 10 | Graphs, Outputs |  |  |  |  |  |
| 11 | Results \& Analysis |  |  |  |  |  |
| 12 | Application Areas | Mathematical statistics |  |  |  |  |
| 13 | Remarks |  |  |  |  |  |
| 14 | Faculty Signature with Date |  |  |  |  |  |

Experiment 13: Implement structures to compute average- marks and the students scoring above and below the average marks for a class of N students.


Experiment 14 :Develop a program using pointers to compute the sum, mean and standard deviation.

| - | Experiment No.: | 14 | Marks | Date Planned | Date Conducted |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | Title | Develop a program using pointers to compute the sum, mean and standard deviation of all elements stored in an array of $n$ real numbers |  |  |  |  |
| 2 | Course Outcomes | Develop a C code using pointers |  |  |  |  |
| 3 | Aim | To compute sum, mean and standard deviation of all elements stored in an array of $n$ real numbers using pointers |  |  |  |  |
| 4 | Material Equipment Required | /Lab Manual |  |  |  |  |
| 5 | Theory, Formula, A Principle, Concept | ,Address of memory location |  |  |  |  |
| 6 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Procedure, } \\ & \text { Program, } \\ & \text { Activity, } \\ & \text { Algorithm, } \\ & \text { Code } \end{aligned}$ | Step 1: start <br> Step 2: read array elements <br> Step 3: compute sum, mean and standard deviation Step 4: print the sum, mean and standard deviation step 5 : stop |  |  |  |  |
| 7 | Block, Circuit, <br> Model Diagram, <br> Reaction Equation, <br> Expected Graph |  |  |  |  |  |
| 8 | Observation Table,e <br> Look-up Table,5 <br> Output | enter the max no. of elements an array .5 <br> Enter the floating point(like:3.5...etc) elements into array 2.5 <br> 5.5 <br> 6.4 <br> 8.8 <br> 10.5 <br> the value of sum=33.700001 and mean=6.740000 <br> standard deviation is 3.082694 |  |  |  |  |
| 9 | Sample Calculations |  |  |  |  |  |
| 10 | Graphs, Outputs |  |  |  |  |  |
| 11 | Results \& Analysis | Memory allocation |  |  |  |  |
| 12 | Application Areas |  |  |  |  |  |
| 13 | Remarks |  |  |  |  |  |
| 4 | Faculty Signature with Date |  |  |  |  |  |

Experiment 15: Implement Recursive functions for Binary to Decimal Conversion

| - | Experiment No.: | 15 | Marks | Date <br> Planned | Date <br> Conducted |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1 | Title | Implement Recursive functions for Binary to Decimal Conversion |  |  |  |
| 2 | Course Outcomes | Develop a C code using recursion |  |  |  |
| 3 | Aim | To convert Binary to Decimal number using recursion |  |  |  |
| 4 | Material <br> Equipment <br> Required | Lab Manual |  |  |  |
| 5 | Theory, Formula, Self- invoking functions <br> Principle, Concept |  |  |  |  |
| 6 | Procedure, <br> Program, Activity, |  |  |  |  | | Step 1: start |
| :--- |
| Algorithm, Pseado |


|  | Code | Step 4: print the decimal number <br> step 5: stop |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 7 | Block, Circuit, <br> Model <br> Magram, <br> Reaction Equation, <br> Expected Graph |  |
| 8 | Observation Table, <br> Look-up <br> Lob, Table, <br> Output |  |
| 9 | Sample <br> Calculations |  |
| 10 | Graphs, Outputs |  |
| 11 | Results \& Analysis |  |
| 12 | Application Areas | Computer Technology for encoding and decoding. |
| 13 | Remarks |  |
| 14 | Faculty Signature <br> with Date |  |

## F. Content to Experiment Outcomes

## 1. TLPA Parameters

Table 1: TLPA - Example Course

| $\begin{gathered} \text { Expt- } \\ \# \end{gathered}$ | Course Content or Syllabus (Split module content into 2 parts which have similar concepts) | Conte nt Teachi ng Hours | Blooms' <br> Learnin <br> g Levels <br> for <br> Content | Final <br> Bloo ms' Level | Identified Action Verbs for Learning | nstruction Methods for Learning | Assessment Methods to Measure Learning |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A | $B$ | C | D | E | $F$ | G | H |
| 1 | Familiarization with programming environment, concept of naming the program files, storing, compilation, execution and debugging. Taking any simple C- code. | 3 | $\begin{aligned} & -\mathrm{L} 2 \\ & -\mathrm{L} 3 \end{aligned}$ | L3 | - Illustrate | Demonstr ate | - Viva \& presentation |
| 2 | Develop a program to solve simple computational problems using arithmetic expressions and use of each operator leading to simulation of a commercial calculator. (No built-in math function) | 3 | $\begin{aligned} & -L 2 \\ & -L 3 \end{aligned}$ | L3 | Implemen | Demonstr ate | - Viva \& presentation |
| 3 | Develop a program to compute the roots of a quadratic equation by accepting the coefficients. Print appropriate messages. | 3 | $\begin{aligned} & -\mathrm{L} 2 \\ & -\mathrm{L} 3 \end{aligned}$ | L3 | Demonstr ate | Demonstr ate | - Viva \& presentation |
| 4 | Develop a program to find the reverse of a positive integer and check for palindrome or not. Display appropriate messages. | 3 | $\begin{aligned} & -\mathrm{L} 2 \\ & -\mathrm{L} 3 \end{aligned}$ | L3 | -Illustrate | Demonstr ate | - Viva \& presentation |
| 5 | An electricity board charges the following rates for the use of electricity: for the first 200 units 80 paise per unit: for the next 100 units 90 paise per unit: beyond 300 units Rs 1 per unit. All users are charged a minimum of Rs. 100 as meter charge. If the total amount is more than Rs 400, then an additional surcharge of $15 \%$ of total amount is charged. Write a program to read the name of the user, number of units consumed and print out the charges. | 3 | $\begin{aligned} & -\mathrm{L} 2 \\ & -\mathrm{L} 3 \end{aligned}$ | L3 | -Illustrate | Demonstr ate | - Viva \& presentation |


| 6 | Introduce 1D Array manipulation and implement Binary search. | 3 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { - L3 } \\ & -\mathrm{L} 4 \end{aligned}$ | L4 | Demonstr ate | Demonstr ate | - Viva \& presentation |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 7 | Implement using functions to check whether the given number is prime and display appropriate messages. (No built-in math function) | 3 | $\begin{aligned} & -\mathrm{L} 3 \\ & -\mathrm{L} 4 \end{aligned}$ | L4 | Implemen | Demonstr ate | - Viva \& presentation |
| 8 | Develop a program to introduce 2D Array manipulation and implement Matrix multiplication and ensure the rules of multiplication are checked. | 3 | $\begin{aligned} & -\mathrm{L} 3 \\ & -\mathrm{L} 4 \end{aligned}$ | L4 | Demonstr ate | Demonstr ate | - Viva \& presentation |
| 9 | Develop a Program to compute $\operatorname{Sin}(x)$ using Taylor series approximation .Compare your result with the built- in Library function. Print both the results with appropriate messages. | 3 | $\begin{aligned} & -\mathrm{L} 3 \\ & -\mathrm{L} 4 \end{aligned}$ | L4 | -Illustrate | Demonstr ate | - Viva \& presentation |
|  | Write functions to implement string operations such as compare, concatenate, string length. Convince the parameter passing techniques. | 3 | $\begin{aligned} & -\mathrm{L} 3 \\ & -\mathrm{L} 4 \end{aligned}$ | L4 | Demonstr ate | Demonstr ate | - Viva \& presentation |
|  | Develop a program to sort the given set of N numbers using Bubble sort. | 3 | $\begin{aligned} & -\mathrm{L} 3 \\ & -\mathrm{L} 4 \end{aligned}$ | L4 | Demonstr ate | Demonstr ate | -Viva \& presentation |
|  | Develop a program to find the square root of a given number N and execute for all possible inputs with appropriate messages. Note: Don't use library function sqrt(n). | 3 | $\begin{aligned} & -\mathrm{L} 3 \\ & -\mathrm{L} 4 \end{aligned}$ | L4 | Implemen <br> t | Demonstr ate | -Viva \& presentation |
|  | Implement structures to read, write, compute average- marks and the students scoring above and below the average marks for a class of N students. | 3 | $\begin{aligned} & -\mathrm{L} 3 \\ & -\mathrm{L} 4 \end{aligned}$ | L4 | Implemen <br> t | Demonstr ate | -Viva \& presentation |
|  | Develop a program using pointers to compute the sum, mean and standard deviation of all elements stored in an array of n real numbers. | 3 | $\begin{aligned} & -\mathrm{L} 3 \\ & -\mathrm{L} 4 \end{aligned}$ | L4 | Implemen <br> t | Demonstr ate | -Viva \& presentation |
|  | Implement Recursive functions for Binary to Decimal Conversion. | 3 | $\begin{aligned} & -\mathrm{L} 2 \\ & -\mathrm{L} 3 \end{aligned}$ | L3 | Implemen <br> t | Demonstr ate | -Viva \& presentation |

## 2. Concepts and Outcomes:

Table 2: Concept to Outcome - Example Course

| $\begin{gathered} \text { Expt } \\ -\# \end{gathered}$ | Learning or Outcome from study of the Content or Syllabus | Identified Concepts from Content | Final Concept | Concept Justification (What all Learning Happened from the study of Content / Syllabus. A short word for learning or outcome) | CO Components (1.Action Verb, 2.Knowledge, 3.Condition / Methodology, 4.Benchmark) | Course Outcome <br> Student Should be able to ... |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A | 1 | $J$ | K | L | M | N |
| 1 | - Study of simple C program | Compilati on execution debuggin g | Execution of simple C Code | Illustrate the execution of basic C programs | - Develop <br> - Turbo C compiler <br> - C code | Develop execution of C code using Turbo C compiler |

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| 2 | -Study of arithmetic operators, quadratic equation | Condition al statement s | Decisionmaking statements | Implement the different arithmetic operators in C, quadratic equation using decision making statements | - Develop <br> - Conditional branching - C code | Develop a C code using Conditional branching statements |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 3 | -Study of Palindrome | Repetition statement s | Looping statements | Illustrate positive integers to check palindrome using looping statements | -Develop <br> - Looping statements <br> - C code | Develop a C code using Looping statements |
| 4 | -Study of Binary Search Bubble sort, Matrix multiplicatio n | -Arrays | Linear representatio n | Demonstrate 1-D,2D in binary searching technique,bubble sort,matrix multiplication | - Develop <br> - Arrays <br> - C code | Develop a C code using Arrays |
| 5 | -Study of prime number, Taylor series, square root of number | -User Defined functions | Modular representatio n | Implementing functions to check prime or not, Taylor series, square root of number | - Develop <br> - User defined <br> functions <br> - C code | Develop a C code using user defined functions. |
| 6 | -Study of compare, concatenate length | -String Manipulat ion functions | String operations | Demonstrate different types of string operations | - Develop <br> - String manipulation functions <br> - C code | Develop a C code using String manipulation functions parameters |
| 7 | -Study of read, write, compute average marks of student | Structures | Derived datatype | Implement structures in student database | - Develop <br> - Structures <br> - C code | Develop a C code using structures |
| 8 | -Study of sum, mean, standard deviation | -Pointers | Address of memory location | Implement pointers in sum, mean and deviation | - Develop <br> - pointers <br> - C code | Develop a C code using pointers |
| 9 | -Study of binary to decimal conversion | Recursion | Self- invoking functions | ```Implement recursion for binary to Decimal conversion``` | - Develop <br> - Recursive function <br> - C code | Develop a C code using recursion |


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